

Alternate way for acoustic eq.

$$\frac{\partial v'}{\partial t} + \bar{u} \frac{\partial v'}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{\bar{\rho}} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial p'}{\partial t} + \bar{u} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x} + \frac{c_p \bar{p}}{c_v} \frac{\partial v'}{\partial x} = 0$$

$$v' = A \exp[i(kx - \omega t)] \quad ; \quad p' = B \exp[i(kx - \omega t)]$$

$$(-i\omega + \bar{u}ik)A + \frac{1}{\bar{\rho}} ik B = 0$$

$$(-i\omega + \bar{u}ik)B + \frac{c_p \bar{p}}{c_v} ik A = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (-i\omega + \bar{u}ik) & \frac{1}{\bar{\rho}} ik \\ \frac{c_p \bar{p}}{c_v} ik & (-i\omega + \bar{u}ik) \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad -i \begin{vmatrix} (\omega - \bar{u}k) & -\frac{k}{\bar{\rho}} \\ -\frac{c_p \bar{p}}{c_v} k & (\omega - \bar{u}k) \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$(\omega - \bar{u}k)^2 = \frac{c_p \bar{p}}{c_v \bar{\rho}} k^2$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\omega = \bar{u}k \pm \sqrt{\frac{c_p \bar{p}}{c_v \bar{\rho}}}}$$

EASIER